

4 CSHP

ESHA

- Non-profit Organisation, founded 1989
- Headquarters in Renewable Energy House in Brussels
- Members in mostly all EU countries and worldwide
 - National SHP associations
 - SHP industry (manufacturers, etc.)
 - Scientific community
 - Individual members
- ESHA is founding member of EREC- the European Renewable Energy Council

ESHA objectives



- Promotion of SHP with an installed capacity up to 10 MW
- Lobbying for SHP on European level (European Parliament, European Commission, etc)
- Information dissemination and awareness raising for SHP issues (publications, workshops, conferences)
- International colaboration on the promotion of SHP ESHA EUROPE INBO 2006

WFD an opportunity

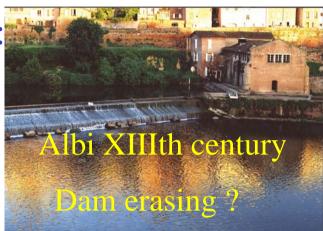
- WFD based on
 - results obligations : GES or GEP
 - scientific measurements : biological quality
 - quality management: plan do –check act
- Mitigations measures become a mean no longer a goal
- Sustainable hydro is compatible with GES or GEP

Hydro main EU RES potential

- Existing hydro:
 - 82% EU RES (12.5% electricity generation)
- Hydro peaking EU capacity more than 40 GW
 - Only peaking generation CO2 free
 - Grid balancing necessity (avoiding black-out)
- EU potential development under estimated
 - Administrative barriers
 - Usual / Kyoto WFD thinking
 - Ex: FR: 30 / 70 TWh; SE: 30/70 TWh; AT: 15 / 60 TWh

Best pratices / wrong ways of thinking

- Measures efficiency / GES GEP:
 - Minimum residual flow
 - Hydro peaking conditions
 - Reservoir water level modulation
 - Ecological continuity
 - No go areas
- Not targets themselves for hydro killing
- Defining the sustainable hydro power plant
 - Bio techniques in civil works and water management



GEP: two alternatives

- GEP scientifically unknown
 - Take all mitigation measures possible
 - End of process:
 - GEP still unknown
 - No longer hydro!
- Stick to WFD principles
 - GEP scientific definition
 - Try and test measures
 - Monitoring effects on biological quality
 - Enhance measures

Sustainable hydro

- No achievement Kyoto and RES targets without hydro:
 - Preserving existing generation and peaking
 - Developing small and medium hydro less than 30 MW
 - Wind and biomass insufficient
- RES impact of very water measure become imperative: "no RES loss" principle
- Case by case balancing (merging) renewable energy/ biological quality
- By 2021 all hydro plants are WFD success keys

