



Capacity Building of Environmental Network Towards IWRM

Experience from the Upper Chi River Basin, Thailand

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Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment**



Factors affecting “Participation”

Good communication

Good information

Good coordination and cooperation

Benefit gained from participation





IWRM occurs when participation process be considered in every step of water resources management.



What REO 10's Doing ?





The Upper Chi River Basin



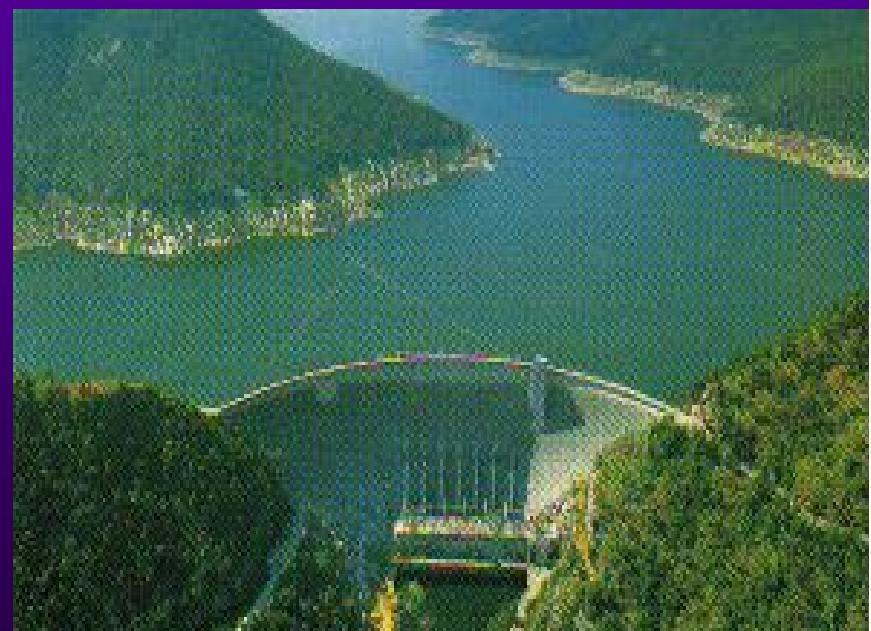
Population : 5.3 million
Area : 39,700 sq.km
Agricultural land use : 68 %
Urban center: 94 cities
small towns

ระบบประปาหมู่บ้านแบบผิวดินขนาดใหญ่มาก

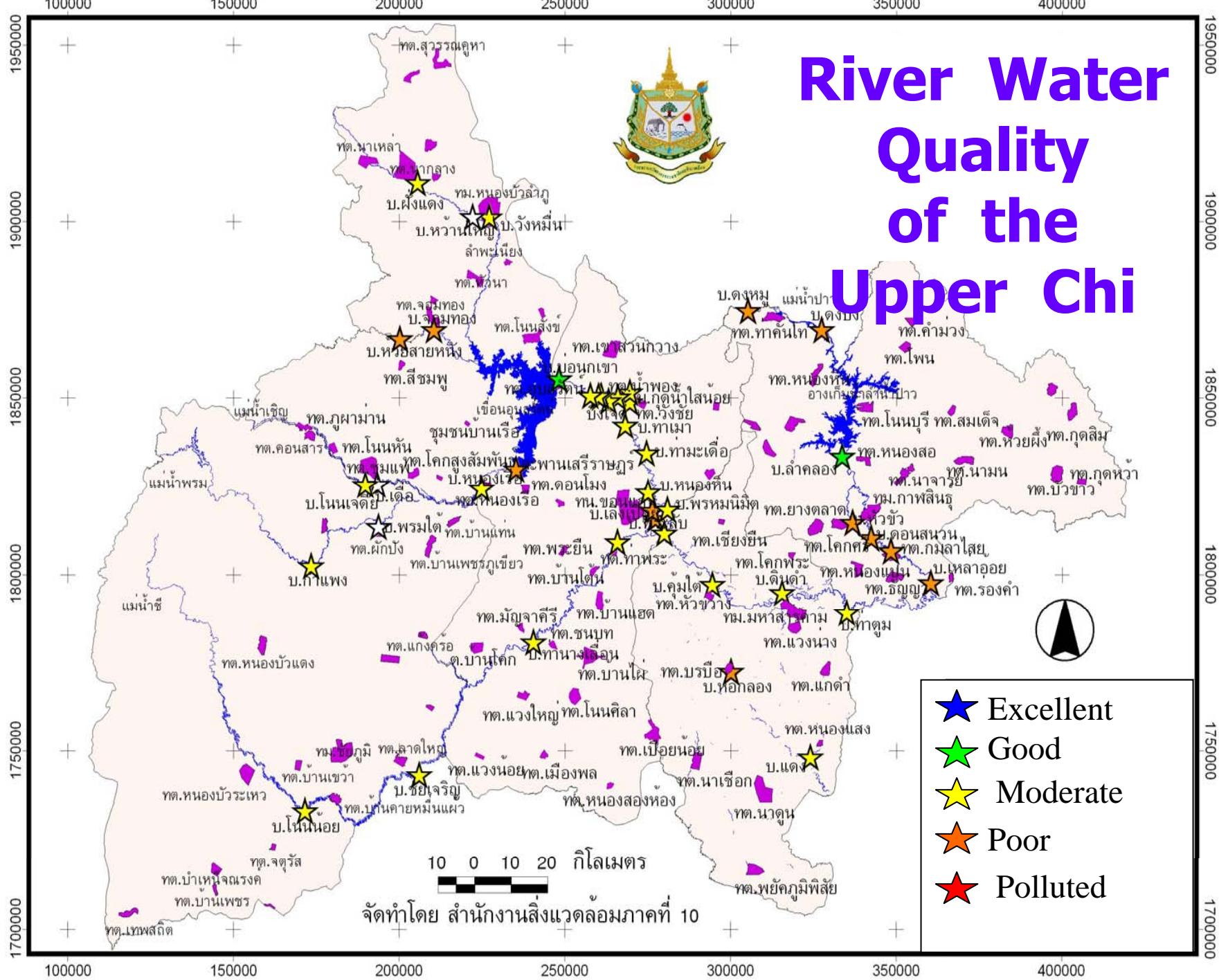
แหล่งน้ำที่รับ 301-700 ลล.บ.ต.การเรื่ม
ขึ้นประมาณกลางวัน 4.2 ล้านบาท



Water Utilization

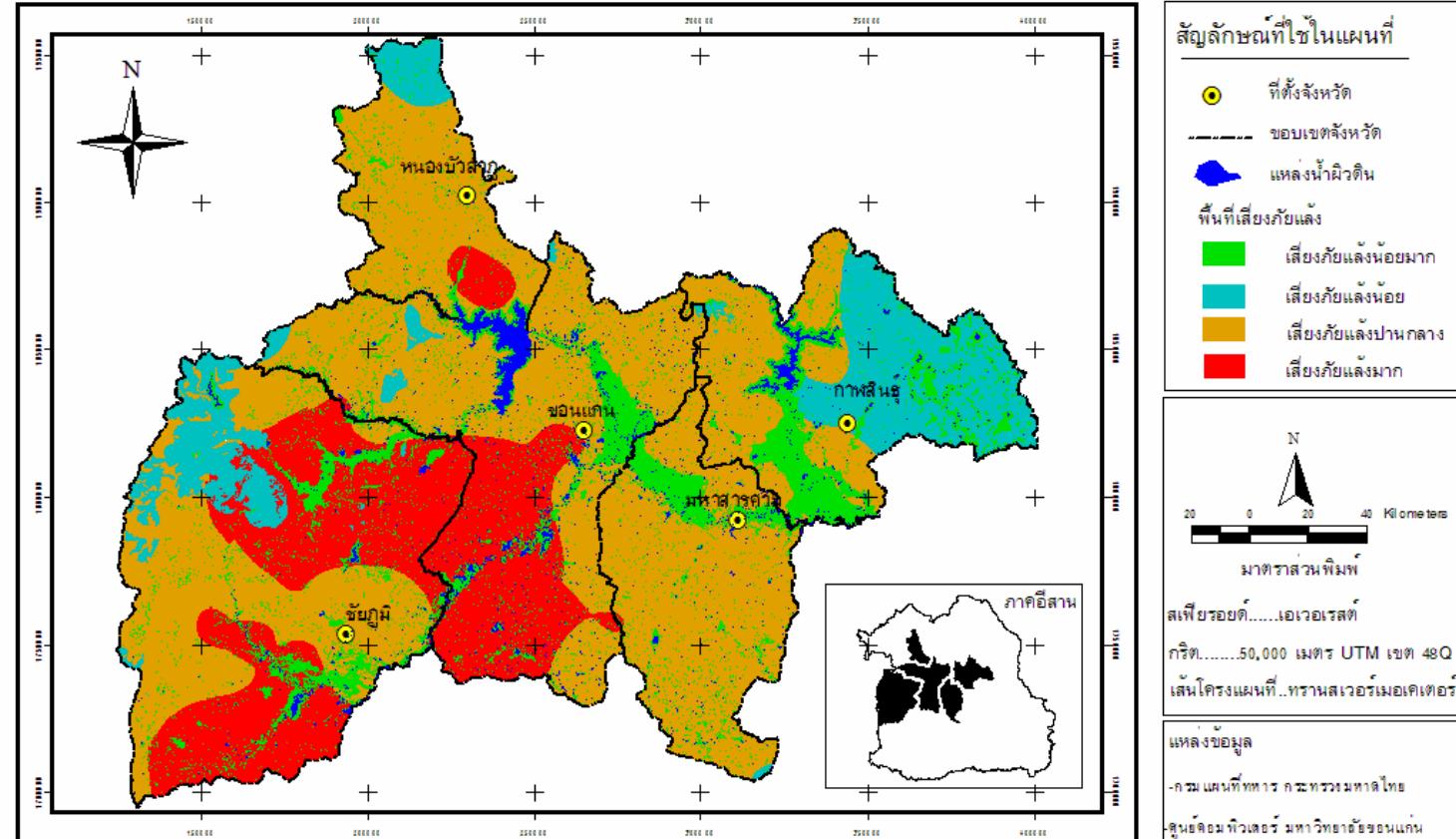


River Water Quality of the Upper Chi

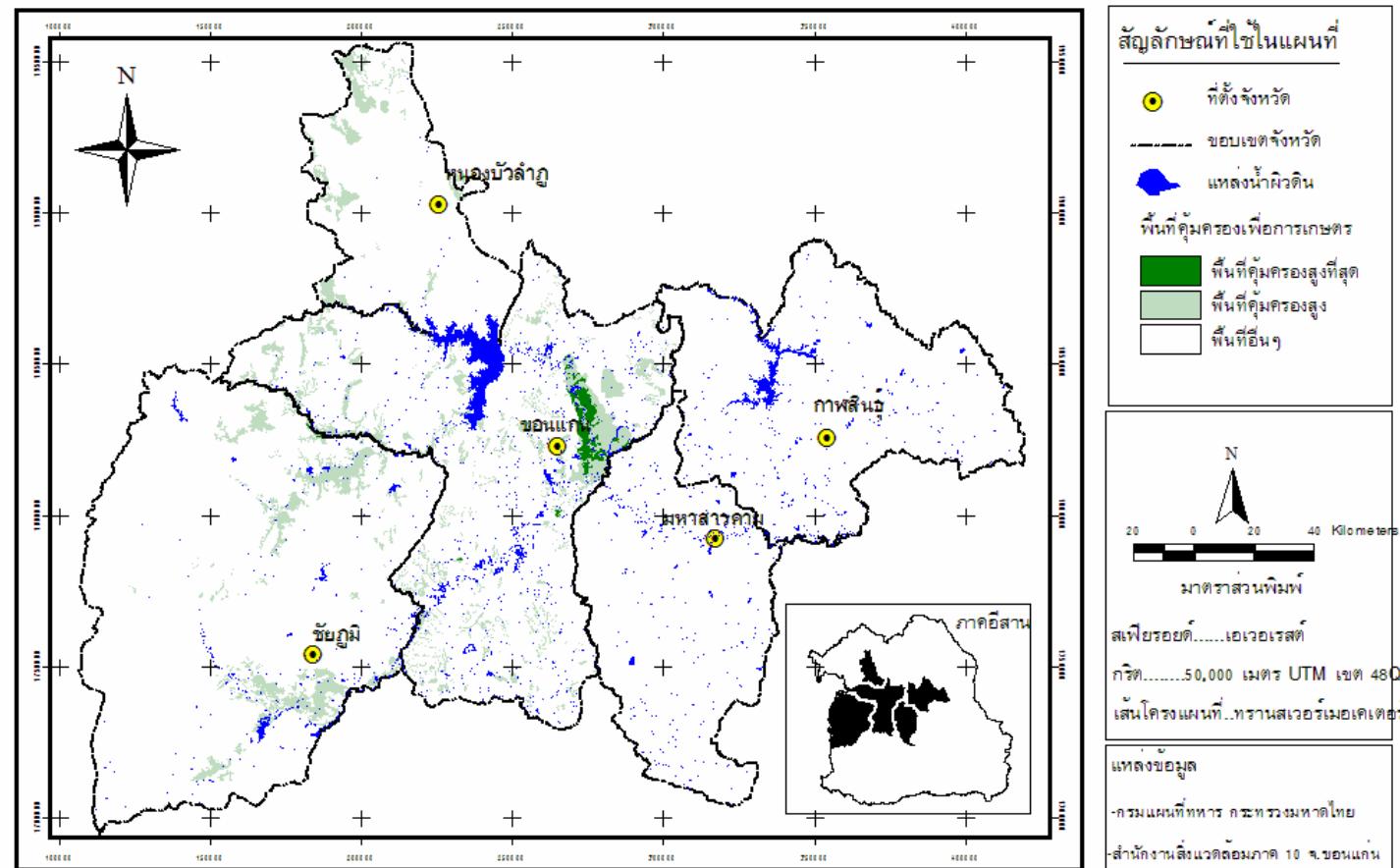


Spatial planning is a framework plan for balancing conflict interests in the use of land and its natural resources





Draught Risk Area



Potential Area for Agriculture





Environmental Network





Water Quality Monitoring and Management

**Working
together**
Laboratory network

Public Report

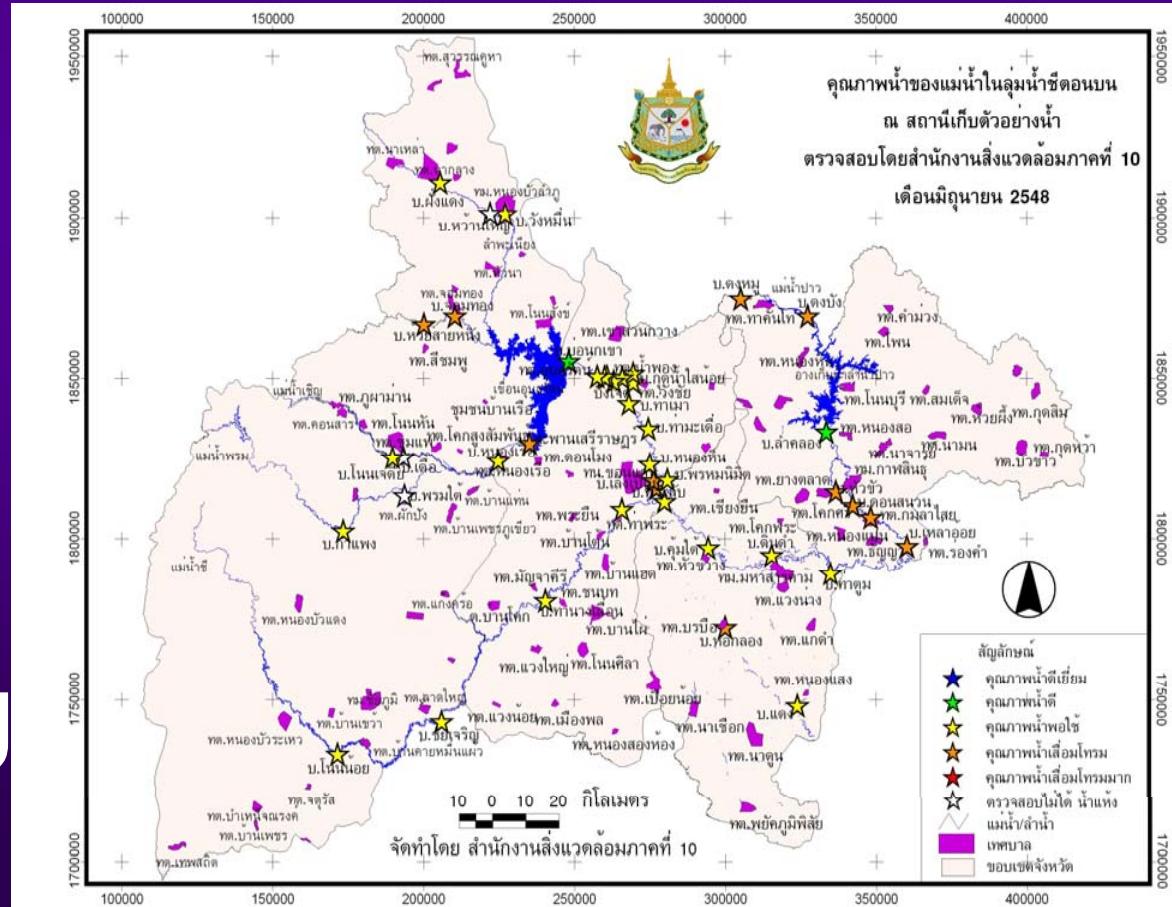




Water Quality Monitoring and Management

Identify:

- Stakeholders
- Potential Pollution Sources
- Key Parameters
- Monitoring Groups



Environmental Information and Warning Center





What do we learn ?

Stakeholder Identification

**Vision, Mission and
Perception of Stakeholder**

**Mechanism Supporting the
Networks : information
knowledge, training and other
facilities**



Sawadee ka

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